

Episerver Find User Guide





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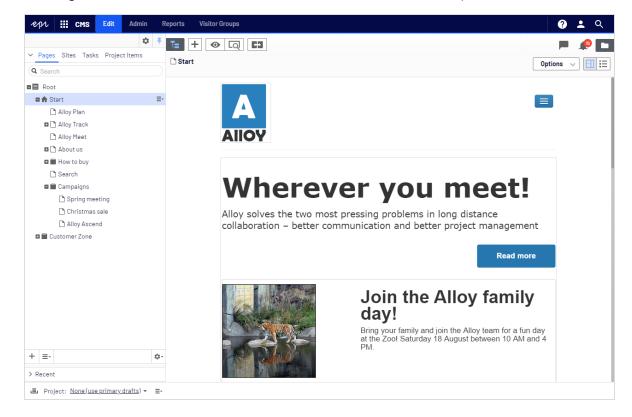
Introduction

Online help describes the features and functionality of the Episerver Digital Experience platform and covers CMS for content management, Episerver Commerce for e-commerce functionality, Episerver Campaign for omnichannel campaigns, Episerver Find for extended search, Episerver Visitor Intelligence for visitor profiles and customer segments, Product and Email Product Recommendations, and Triggered Messages for personalized product recommendations, and Episerver add-ons.

You access the online help from within the Episerver platform or from Episerver World. The online help is also available in PDF format for users who prefer PDF or want to print the documentation.

This PDF describes the features and functionality of Episerver Episerver Find, which you can find on Episerver World. Developer guides and technical documentation also are found on Episerver World.

The user guide is intended for editors, administrators, marketers and merchandisers, working with tasks as described in Roles and tasks in the online help.



Features, licenses and releases

The user documentation is continuously updated and covers the latest releases for the Episerver platform.



Episerver CMS is the core part of the Episerver platform providing advanced content creation and publishing features for all types of website content. CMS features are available in all Episerver installations.



Episerver Commerce adds complete e-commerce capabilities to the core functionality in CMS. It requires a specific installation and license.



Episerver Campaign lets you orchestrate omnichannel campaigns from a single screen, and send triggered emails based on real-time behavior. Campaign requires additional license activation.



Episerver Find adds advanced search functionality to websites. It requires a specific installation and license.



Episerver Visitor Intelligence is a user interface for viewing and filtering visitor profiles, and creating customer segments that can be used in omnichannel marketing campaigns. It requires a specific installation and license.



Product Recommendations lets you create and configure a merchandising campaign with personalized product recommendations from the personalization portal. It requires a specific installation and license.



Email Product Recommendations lets you include personalized product recommendations in any email, including cart abandonment and retargeting emails, from the personalization portal. You can also work with behavioral triggers to detect on-site behaviors and act upon them through automated, personalized emails. It requires a specific installation and license.



Add-ons extend the Episerver capabilities with features like advanced search, multi-variate testing, and social media integration. Some addons are free, others require license activation. Add-ons by Episerver are described in the online help.

Note: Due to frequent feature releases, this user guide may

describe functionality that is not yet available on your website. See What's new to find out in which area and release a specific feature became available.

Images and screenshots

The Episerver user guide uses images and screenshots to visually guide you through the features of the Episerver platform. Due to different versions, continuous updates, and specific system permissions, images and screenshots may differ from the actual appearance.

Notes

Three types of notes are color marked throughout the user guide: tips, notes and warnings.

Tip: Green indicates tips that might show you an easier way to perform a task.

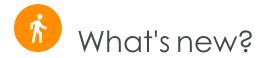
Note: Yellow indicates important information that may affect your work and should not be missed.

Warning: Red indicates warnings. If these warnings are ignored, serious errors or problems may occur.

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This user guide describes functionality available in the latest release of a standard implementation of the Episerver platform software and services. New features are continuously made available. See Episerver updates.

Note: Due to frequent feature releases, this user guide may describe functionality that is not yet available to you. Contact your system administrator for information about products and versions in your Episerver implementation.

This release of the Episerver User Guide describes features available in Episerver as of February 20, 2020. See release notes (below) for update history. See Archived documentation in the online version of the user guide for previously released user guides.

Release notes

Released	Area	Features and updates
February 20, 2020	Episerver platform	A new section, User scenarios, has been added to the user guide describing common cross-platform user scenarios, such as working with products, optimizing search results, or using visitor groups for personalization.
	Campaign	When configuring a Mobile Push message in Smart Campaigns, you can now upload an image or specify an external image URL.
February7, 2020	Campaign	In the Advanced node of the Marketing Automation you can limit the number of recipients to whom the mailing is to be sent. (update 302)
	Commerce	On the Order Management screen, you can now view returns. (update 299)

Released	Area	Features and updates
	Personalization	You can now prioritize Triggered Messages campaigns.
January 31, 2020	Campaign	The new feature SMS processes lets you create and manage SMS processes such as unsubscribing from marketing SMS by sending the keyword <i>Stop</i> or requesting help by sending the keyword <i>Help</i> .
	Find	A new topic, Using Personalized Find, provides information about the Personalized Find product: its benefits, how it works, and how to enable it.
January 16, 2020	Campaign	Several updates to the Microsoft Dynamics CRM integration: You can assign Episerver Campaign test lists to check the mailing con- tent before dispatch. The process of pre- paring the campaign activity for dispatch has been revised. (update 298)
		Several updates to the Magento 2 integration: Screenshots and names have been adjusted to the new version 1.3.5. (update 298)
		In the API overview, you can find information about the Episerver Campaign REST API. (update 298)
December 19, 2019	Commerce	You can use the Authorize. Net payment gateway to process customer payments. (update 294)
	Insight	You can create a segment based on a filter definition. See Creating a marketing segment. (update 294)
November 28, 2019	Episerver Commerce	From the Orders tab of the Contact Details screen, you can view a customer's order history. (update 290)
		The Order and Cart Details screens were redesigned to more closely resemble Com-

Released	Area	Features and updates
		merce Manager and make them easier to use. (update 291)
	Campaign	You can create coupon codes of type Code 128 bar code or Interleaved 2 of 5 bar code by using the coupon system. (update 292)
November 6, 2019	Campaign	You can export event data (for example, clicks and opens) in real time via webhooks. (update 290)
October 24, 2019	Episerver Commerce	Support for updating order management and shipment statuses on the Order Management screen. (update 286)
October 17, 2019	Campaign	In lists that support multiple selection, the new Sort by selection button lets you sort selected items to the top of the list.
October 11, 2019	Episerver Commerce	On the Order Management screen, you can change a cart's Market , and an order's Market and Currency . (update 284) A new scheduled job exports your product feed (catalog) to Episerver Perform incrementally. (update 284)
	Marketing Automation connectors	Support for multiple instances of a connector, to use in separate regions. See Episerver Microsoft Dynamics CRM. (update 284)
October 4, 2019	Personalization	The Personalization Portal is the user interface for accessing Product Recommendations and Email Product Recommendations features. The Personalization Mail recommendations can export and import email campaigns.
September 25, 2019	Campaign	The Performance Dashboard (Beta) now has the additional chart type Basic chart

Released	Area	Features and updates
		(mailing-based). Use the new hamburger menu within the widgets to export charts.
		In the Deliverability preview (Beta), the Spam suspicion tab displays the spam score and further information on the spam filters for individual clients. Notes on spam filters of each client have been added to the documentation.
		A step-by-step guide for Smart Campaigns has been added to split dispatch.
		A definition of the mailing types that can be selected in Deep Analytics reports and action-based target group filters has been added.
		Inline Editing lets you edit the texts of your mailing template directly in the mailing preview.
	CMS	The CMS user interface has been rebranded. The screenshots have been updated to reflect this. (update 274)
	Episerver Commerce	Order meta-classes and fields appear on the Order Management screen.
September 5, 2019 Campaign Marketing Automation		Several updates to the Order Management screen, including the ability to choose a market before selecting a cart, and the ability to create a new cart. (update 279)
	Campaign	Use the new Structured data tab in the General settings paragraph in the Template Kit to add structured data to your mailing. Add content in the Gmail Promotions tab section that Gmail should prominently display in the Gmail Promotions tab.
	New global settings for Marketing Automation connectors. Change to Microsoft Dynamics CRM connector configuration screen (Domain is out; Region is in), and	

Released	Area	Features and updates
		Organization name can be the Unique name or the friendly name.
August 21, 2019	Campaign	The Deliverability preview (Beta) lets you check your mailing before dispatch, whether the contents are displayed correctly and whether your mailing has been classified as spam by the most popular email providers. In the Performance Dashboard, you can display KPIs as a bubble chart. (update 278)
	Insight	Visitor groups was added to the filter types for viewing profiles.
August 7, 2019	Campaign	The IP warming topic provides information about how to build a good reputation with internet service providers as an email sender.
July 24, 2019	Campaign	In the recipient history, you can view the third-party ID, the pseudonymized recipient ID. See Recipient history. (update 274) In the Basics section, you can find the new Deliverability basics section with information and best practices for successful deliverability.
July 10, 2019	Forms	The form element types Rich text and Submit button can now be dependent on other fields, which means they can be displayed or hidden depending on a visitor's previous input. See Dependencies tab in Form element types. (update 269)
	Episerver Commerce	The Order Management screen lets you convert any cart to a purchase order and accept payments. See Order Management screen. (update 271)
	Campaign	If you use Spryker as an e-commerce plat-

Released	Area	Features and updates
		form, you can integrate Episerver Campaign to connect e-commerce and mailing activities. See Spryker integration. Added menu entries Episerver Insight and Episerver Reach (Email Recommendations and Triggered Messages) to Campaign start menu.
June 13, 2019	CMS	An administrator can require a review requester to add a comment when sending an item for review. See Managing approval sequences and Collaboration. (update 265)
	Campaign	The Episerver Campaign User Guide is a section in the Episerver User Guide.
	Marketing Automation connectors	Support for multiple instances of a connector, to use for example in separate regions. See Episerver Pardot and Episerver Marketo. (update 244)

Archived documentation

If your Episerver implementation is not on the latest version, you can access previous versions of the Episerver User Guide under Archived documentation in the online version of the user guide.

Episerver Find

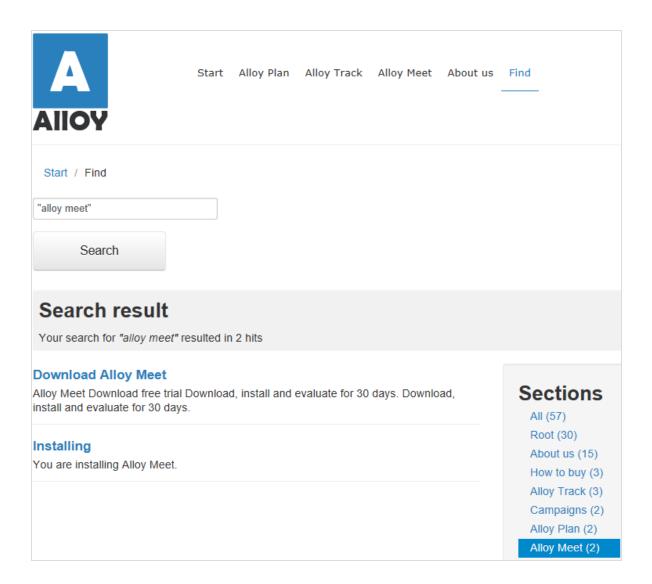
Note: Episerver Find is part of the Episerver Digital Experience platform. It requires a specific installation and license, contact your system administrator to find out more. See Episerver World for technical information.

Most site visitors abandon a website if they cannot quickly find what they are looking for. With increasing information volumes, menu navigation is no longer sufficient, so search becomes critical for locating information. Episerver Find adds powerful search functionality to websites. Search encompasses internet search engines (like Bing) and a website's search function.

Search optimization increases the chances of attracting visitors to your website, keeping them there, and getting them to complete an action, such as registering or shopping. This is closely related to search engine optimization (SEO), often referred to as "the process of improving the visibility of website content in the search results."

Episerver Find bases search functionality on visitor search behavior and website statistics. Using this information, you can add automatic landing pages, adaptive navigation, and guided search to increase website traffic and boost conversion rates.

The Episerver Find documentation shows search administrators, such as editors and site administrators, how to set up and use Episerver Find. It also shows developers how to configure and set up search features.



Feature summary

With Episerver Find, you can develop customized functionality, such as filtering and faceted navigation, based on content properties, such as price or color. Episerver Find is based on an index service and interfaces, which can be cloud-based or installed onpremises. Episerver Find supports multiple languages.

Episerver Find indexes any type of website object, not only web pages. As soon as an author publishes content, Episerver Find pushes data to the search engine, making new or updated content available in near real-time.

Features in "standard" Episerver Find

- View and analyze search statistics for your websites, and use the statistics to optimize search.
- Explore the site index to see what was indexed and when, and use this information to customize search features.
- Promote selected content (best bets), and manage search phrases without hits.
- Add related queries to guide visitors in their search for specific content.
- Define synonyms for similar search phrases.
- Weight content properties to boost search results as desired.
- Support for basic boolean operators, like AND, OR, NOT. Special symbols like + and are currently not supported. Complex nested combinations have limitations.

Features in Episerver Find Connections Edition

Episerver Find Connections Edition lets you add connectors, which index external content that is related to but not part of your website. For purchasing information about the Connections Edition, see Order Episerver Find. To learn how to use it, see Adding connectors.

Note: See Getting started in the CMS Editor User Guide for logging in, accessing features, and working with the Episerver user interface.

Help in Episerver Find

Episerver Find's user interface provides onscreen documentation. To access it, click **Show Help** in the upper right corner.

What is search optimization?

Search optimization helps site visitors quickly find the right website content. This is closely related to search engine optimization (SEO), often referred to as the process of improving the visibility of website content in the search results.

As a Web page's search rank increases, your website receives more visitors.



Episerver Find lets you develop customized functionality to create automatic landing pages and different types of adaptive navigation with minimal effort. While Episerver Find bases its SEO strategies on site visitor statistics, you can manually implement search optimization on targeted content to enhance the search experience.

Learn by doing

Most of Episerver Find's automatic SEO is based on queries made by site visitors. As the number of queries grows, Episerver Find "learns" and bases search suggestions on previous successful queries.

The new website

When developers set up a website and configure search, they use the programming interface to develop custom filters (along with built-in filters) and faceted search features. Because the site is new, search optimization has few statistics, so you can help visitors by adding search phrase suggestions. See also: Autocomplete.

The growing website

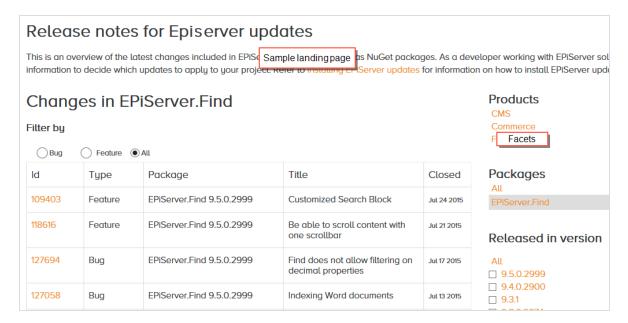
As your website matures and accumulates search data, use search statistics to analyze search activity. Optimization evolves into monitoring, fine tuning, and promoting content to deliver the right content to visitors.

Automatic search optimization

You can attract visitors to your website and guide them to relevant content by coding the following features and tagging content properties.

Automatic landing pages

When you create a campaign, you usually make significant efforts to set up landing pages and display desired content in various places of the website. Tagging and search criteria let you create landing pages that dynamically display relevant content.



An automatic landing page (as in the example above) is actually a search page with a small editorial area at the top. Episerver Find drives search results through content tagging. Site visitors can narrow down search results using the facets.

Episerver Find provides an SEO-friendly URL for the dynamic landing page, based on facets selected by the visitor. Example: if you search for sweatshirt, the returned URL includes associated search facets, such as the following ../search/sweatshirt/women/hoodies.

Adaptive navigation

Website navigation often is static and based on a content structure that is well-known to editors but less intuitive to visitors. With search criteria, you can create navigation that displays personalized content based on what is known about the visitor, such as content relations or a registered profile.

Guided search

Episerver Find can suggest search phrases automatically, based on the behavior of site visitors. Example: searching for page returns people searching for "page" also searched for "web page". The autocomplete feature also provides guided search.

Optimizing search manually

Although Episerver Find performs search optimization automatically, you should regularly monitor search activities on your website to fine-tune search performance and spot discrepancies. You may want override system suggestions to promote specific content.

Use the optimization view to perform manual search optimization. Optimization may also include modifying website content to achieve desired results. The following scenarios demonstrate how search optimization actions can guide visitors to appropriate content.

Search phrase does not match wording in content

Example: basket instead of cart. Help out by adding a synonym.

Promote selected content

Use best bets to promote selected pages' content. Example: if a visitor searches for Christmas cards, a Christmas special offer appears at the top of the search results.

Visitors are not clicking search result links

Low-click frequency may not be a problem—it can indicate that search results provide adequate information. But it also may indicate that the information is not attractive enough. Work with the content to ensure that an appropriate description appears in search results and SEO requirements are met. Or, create a best bet with a custom title and description.

No search results returned because the content is missing

Use search statistics to discover if needed content is missing from your website. This requires a strong understanding of the content. Create the missing content and ensure it appears in search results.

Content searched for is not on your website but visitors assume it is

If visitors frequently search for content on a related website, add a connector to index that site's content and merge it with your site's search results.

Returned results do not contain the search phrase

Add the search phrase to the content, or add synonyms, which let site visitors retrieve content without knowing exact wording.

Relevant content is found but not displayed at the top

Work with the content to verify that SEO requirements are met. For example, make sure the page has a relevant title, correct and descriptive meta information, and an accurate modification date. Also, make sure the page has relevant keywords and search phrases. Use specific keywords instead of broad, widely-used terms. For example, agile **commerce** (instead of **commerce**) significantly narrows results.

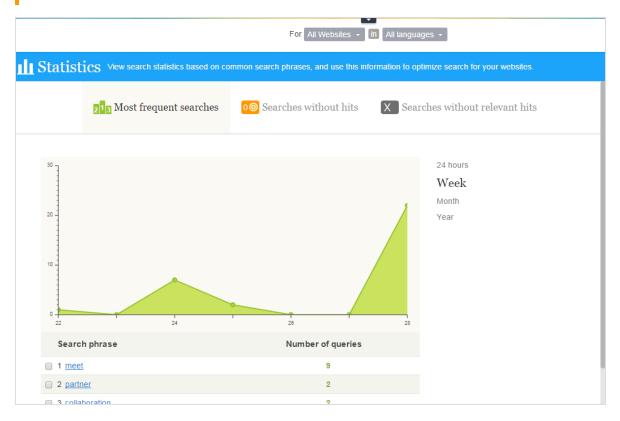
See also general guidelines about optimizing content for search engines, such as Google's Search Engine Optimization Starter Guide.

Analyzing search statistics

Episerver Find collects statistics from site visitor activity and displays them in the Statistics View, where you can analyze the activity.

Statistics are scarce for a new website, but as your site matures and captures more search behavior, you can analyze the information to optimize the search experience.

Note: You need specific access rights to access features in Episerver Find.



The Statistics view displays popular searches during a selected time period and reveals if matching content was found. You can filter search information by time interval, website, and language.

• Most frequent searches. Phrases searched for most often.

Tip: Use your most frequent search keywords to create Best Bets.

• Searches without hits. Phrases most often searched for and for which no results were found.

> Tip: To improve the user experience for searches without hits, add synonyms, autocompletes and/or related queries to help users find relevant content.

• Searches without relevant hits. Searches that generated hits but had a low clickthrough rate. Phrases that are most frequently searched for and for which search results are clicked the least appear at the top.

> Tip: To improve the user experience for searches without relevant hits, either create new content, or use related queries or synonyms.

If you click a search phrase in a list, a new window appears, containing the following information.

- matching search results (when using **Most frequent searches** view)
- other searches performed by the visitor who submitted that search phrase



From Statistics view, you can select one or more search phrases and switch to the optimization interface to work with best bets, autocompletes, related queries, or synonyms.

Manually optimizing search results

Although Episerver Find automatically optimizes the search, you should monitor your site's search activities regularly to fine-tune performance and identify trends. At times, you may want to override system suggestions or promote specific content.

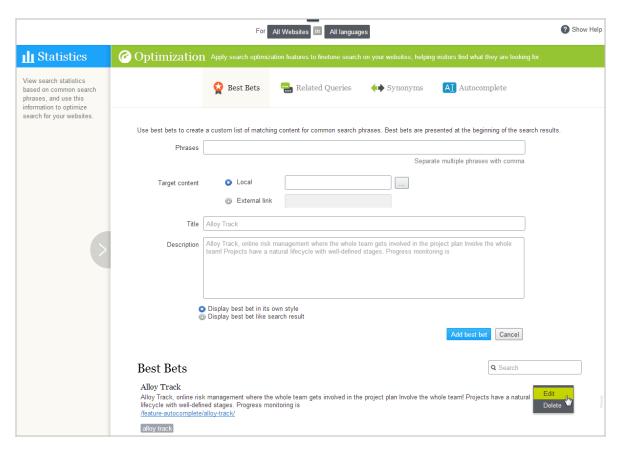
When you perform search optimization, work closely with stakeholders such as the website owner, marketers, content editors, and developers. Tasks depend on whether the site is new or mature because of the amount of statistics with which you have to work.

You can perform search optimization for multiple websites and different languages from the same user interface. To optimize search effectively, you must be familiar with your website content.

Note: You need specific access rights to access Episerver Find features.

The optimization view

To access Optimization View, from the toolbar, click **Find > Manage > Optimization**.



Use Optimization View to manually optimize search. You can select search phrases in the Statistics view, and transfer them to Optimization View. Or, you can manually enter search phrases into Optimization View's Phrases field.

What to look for

- Frequently-searched phrases indicate "hot" topics, content that visitors assume is on your website.
- Search phrases without hits reveal content missing from your website or a need to improve a content item's ranking in search results.
- If visitors search for content that is related to but not stored on your website, consider adding a connector to index an external website.
- Search phrases with low click-through rates may indicate that the content description is insufficient, or that the title or description is not attractive enough. In the latter case, create a best bet with a custom title and description to promote the content.
- By clicking a search phrase in the list, you see other phrases that the same visitor searched for. For example, if someone searching for project plans also searched for

planning and tracking projects, respond by adding missing content, or creating synonyms or best bets for these phrases.

Using the Statistics View data, try the following content optimization tasks.

- Promote content using best bets
- Suggest related search phrases
- Add synonyms for similar phrases
- Create editorial autocomplete suggestions

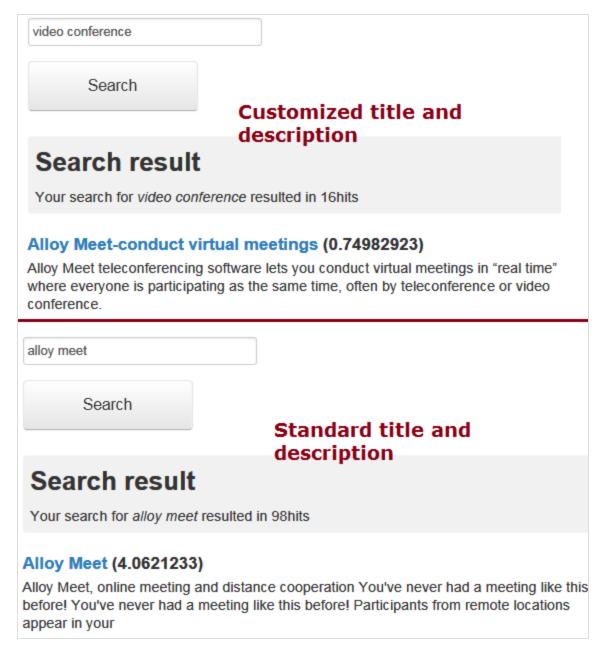


Promoting content using best bets

Episerver Find lets you promote content by adding best bets, search phrases that deliver selected Web content to the top of search results. Use best bets to provide answers to common questions, or to create sponsored links such as in an e-commerce site.

For example, if a search phrase has a low click-through rate, that might indicate that the content title or description is not compelling. Use a best bet to assign a custom title and description to promote that content. By customizing title and description, you optimize the site visitor's search experience.

A best bet's search phrase does not need to occur in the assigned content – you are simply mapping one or more phrases to an internal or external Web page, which appears above organic search results.



You can style a best bet to distinguish it from organic results. For example, notify visitors that a link is sponsored.

Note: A developer needs to implement this feature in your website's styling.

You can define best bets for a specific language and a specific website.

Examples of best bets

- You are running a Christmas campaign. When a visitor searches for Christmas cards, you want the Christmas special offer page to appear at the top of search results.
- Link search phrases to content that you believe visitors want. For example, for a contact information page, add a best bet with search phrases like customer service, contact us, and opening hours.
- You want a search phrase to return specific content. For example, if someone searches for health insurance, display the health insurance card application form page on top.
- You have a **Special offers** page, which appears in search results when searching for offers, but is rarely clicked. Create a best bet for the page and give it a title like **Unbelievable Deals**, while leaving the original content untouched.

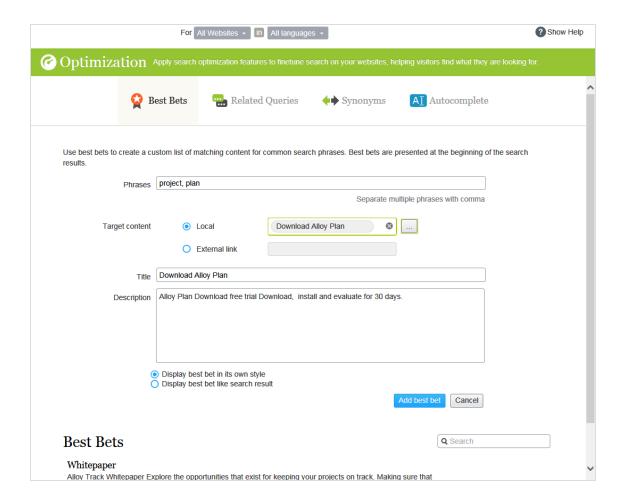
Adding best bets

Note: Best bets are not enabled by default; developers need to enable them.

- 1. From edit view, select **Find > Manage**. The Statistics screen appears.
- 2. If one or more search terms that you want to promote via best bets appear in the Search Phrase list, select the ones you want, then Create best bets. You can modify the search terms on the Optimization screen.

Otherwise, select the **Optimization** screen > **Best Bets** and use the **Phrases** field to enter one or more search phrases.

A best bet phrase cannot contain these special characters: + - && | | ! () {} [] ^ " ~ * \$:/\



Note: The site visitor must enter all words in the search phrase exactly to retrieve the content. Stemming is not supported. If a best bet contains several search phrases, and any of them matches the site visitor's input, the best bet content appears at the top of search results.

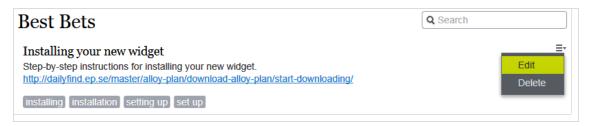
- 3. At the Target Content field, specify content to appear when a site visitor searches for any search phrase. To assign an Episerver page, image, video, or asset, select Local and navigate to it. To assign an external page, click External link and insert a URL with a protocol identifier, such as https://.
- 4. If you selected an Episerver page, its title and description appear. Modify them as desired. For example, enter more compelling text to encourage a site visitor to click

If you selected an external page, enter a relevant title and description.

Editing best bets

The bottom of the **Optimization** page displays current best bets.

1. Using the context menu, click **Edit**. The screen is populated with the current values.



- 2. Change as needed.
- 3. Click Save best bet.

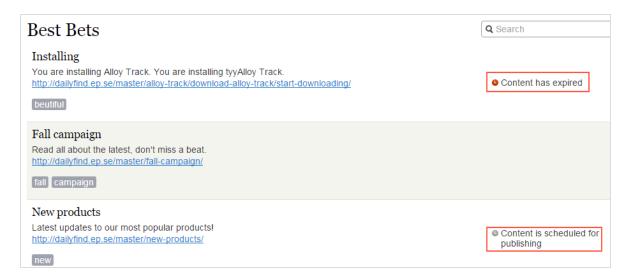
Deleting best bets

Best bets typically have a limited life, so maintain them continuously to ensure that outdated promotions are removed.

- 1. Using the context menu, click **Delete**.
- 2. Confirm.

Effect of publication and expiration dates on best bets

Best bets respect content publication and expiration dates, and that information is presented on the Best Bets screen.

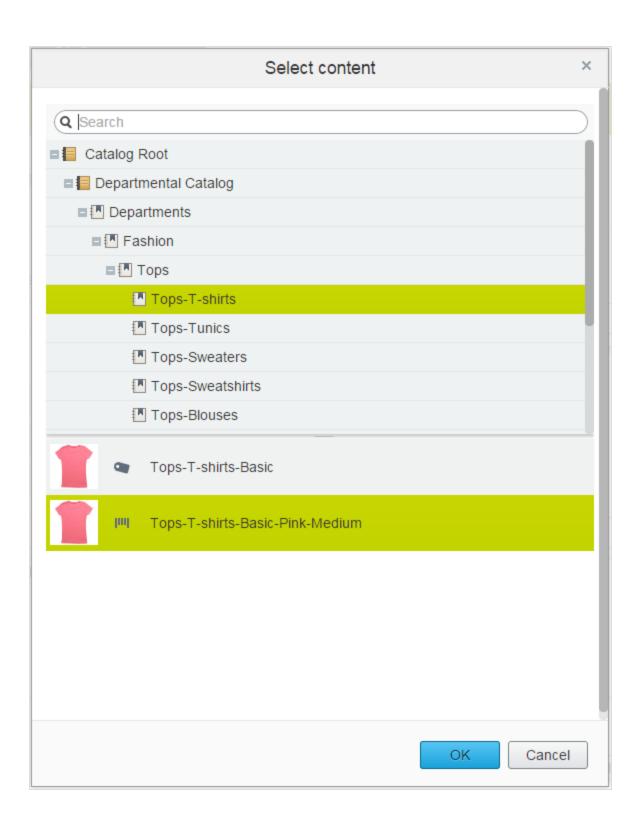


So, while you can apply a best bet to unpublished content, the best bet only affects search results if content is published. Also, if published content expires, a best bet no longer affects search results, although you can still see it on the Best Bets screen.



Best bets for catalog entries

If Episerver Commerce is installed on your website, you can promote content using the catalog content selector in best bets view. You can define best bets for products and variants and images in the catalog.





Adding related queries

Use related queries to create suggestions associated with a search phrase, guiding visitors to certain search patterns.



Episerver Find automatically generates suggestions from site visitors who also searched for the same phrase. You can manually add related queries that are not automatically generated because users are not entering those search terms. By manually adding related queries, you create desirable search patterns that are used as the website evolves. For example, on a travel website, to searches for Spain, add related queries for Barcelona and Madrid. Or, on an e-commerce site, to searches for accessories, add handbags and shoes.

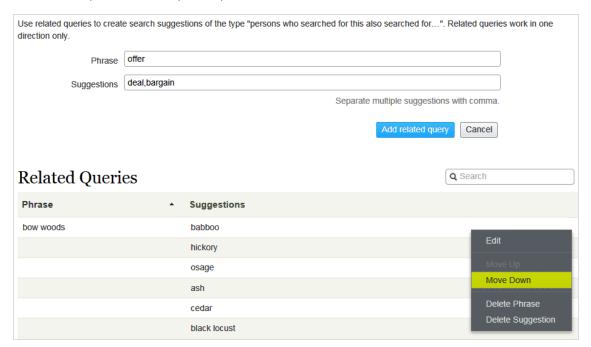
Creating related queries

Note: You can apply a related query to a specific website and a specific language.

- 1. From edit view, select **Find > Manage**. The Statistics screen appears.
- 2. If search terms that you want to use for related queries appear in the **Search Phrase** list, select them then Create related queries. You can modify the search terms on the Optimization screen.

Otherwise, select the **Optimization** screen > **Related Queries** and use the **Phrases** field to enter one or more related queries.

A phrase can have up to three words, and must consist of alphanumeric characters, dashes, ampersand, or apostrophe.



- 3. In the **Suggestions** field, enter related terms by which users might want to search. You can apply several phrases to the same query. For example, the search term training has course and school as related queries. A suggestion should not match a phrase.
- 4. Click Add related query.
- 5. To change the position of a suggestion, click the context menu then select **Move Up** or Move Down. The screen position affects the presentation order of the related queries.





Adding synonyms for similar phrases

Sometimes, site visitors enter a search term that does not occur in your content, even though your site has content of interest to them. To fix this problem, create a synonym list. If a site visitor searches for any term in the list, the search returns results for it and the synonym. For example:

- Phrases (terms not in your content but which site visitors submit while searching): bill, payment, pay, fee
- Synonym (occurs in your site content): tuition

If a site visitor enters bill into a search field that uses synonyms, the Synonyms feature adds OR tuition to the query. So, content containing tuition is returned even though it was not submitted as a search term.

The Synonym feature typically produces more hits. So, while site visitors do no more work, Episerver Find greatly increases their chances of finding the right information.

Examples

- You have a Special offers page. It appears in search results when searching for offer, but site visitors often enter deal when searching. Create a synonym list with phrase: deal; synonym: offer.
- Phrases: iPhone, Nexus, Galaxy (three 1-word phrases) Synonym: smart phone (2-word synonym)
- Phrases: email, telephone, people, twitter (four 1-word phrases) Synonym: contact (1-word synonym)

Unidirectional versus bidirectional synonyms

When creating a synonym list, you decide if it is unidirectional or bidirectional.

- Unidirectional. If a site visitor submits a phrase on the list, Episerver Find adds the synonym to the guery. But, if a visitor submits the synonym, phrases on the list are not added to the query.
- Bidirectional. If a visitor submits the synonym or any term on the phrases list, the synonym and the term are added to the query.

On the Synonyms screen, an icon indicates a list's direction.



Example

- If recycling is a unidirectional synonym to dump, you get hits for recycling when searching for dump, but you do not get hits for dump when searching for recycling.
- If recycling is a bidirectional synonym for dump, you get hits for dump when searching for recycling, and hits for recycling when searching for dump.

Keywords versus synonyms

The advantage of search keywords is that they are used by Episerver Find and external search engines (for example, Bing) to retrieve content on your site. However, you must add SEO keywords to each content item.

Synonyms apply to all site content, or content in the selected language, but are only used if someone uses the Episerver Find search on your site.

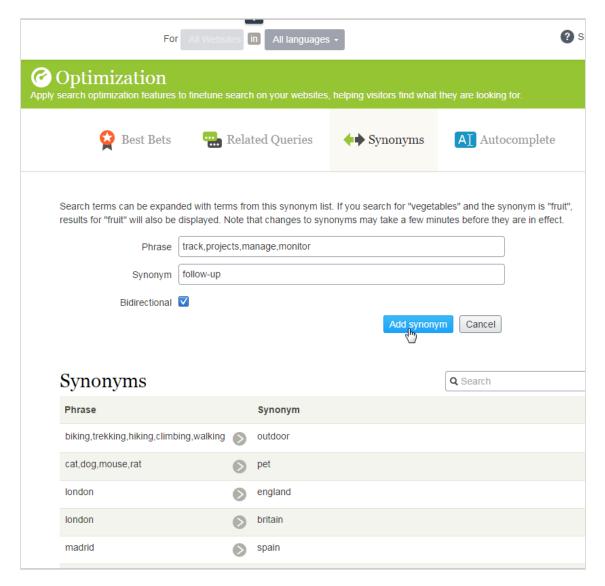
Adding synonyms

Note: Synonyms are usually language-specific but you can apply them to all languages.

- 1. From edit view, select **Find > Manage**. The Statistics screen appears.
- 2. If search terms you want to use for synonyms appear in the **Search Phrase** list, click them, then select Create synonyms. You can modify the search terms on the Optimization screen.

Otherwise, select the **Optimization** screen > **Synonyms**.





3. In the Phrases field, enter one or more synonym phrases that do not occur in your site content but which site visitors might submit while searching. Each phrase can have up to three words. You can enter an unlimited number of phrases. To learn more about phrases and synonyms, see Adding synonyms for similar phrases.

> Warning: The search term must exactly match a phrase (stemming is not supported). For example, vegetable does not exactly match vegetables. As a workaround, enter two phrases: vegetable and vegetables.

- 4. In the **Synonym** field, enter a term (up to three words) that exists in your website content. Episerver Find adds the synonym to the query when a site visitor enters any phrase in the list.
- 5. If you want the synonym list to be bidirectional, check the Bidirectional box. See also: Unidirectional versus bidirectional synonyms.



Autocomplete

Autocomplete suggests search phrases as a site visitor types characters into a search field.



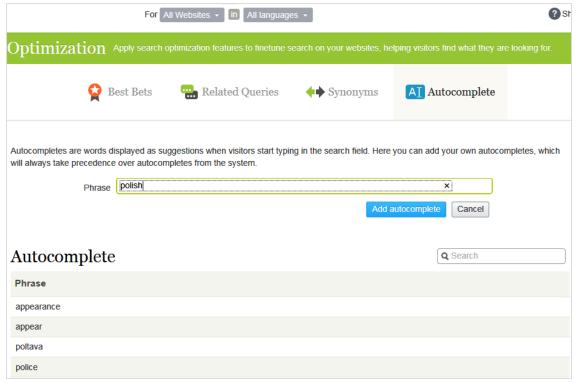
The suggestion list becomes more precise as a user types more characters.

If a site visitor selects a suggestion, Episerver Find executes a query using that term. Autocomplete speeds up the search experience when it correctly predicts words being typed.

Sources of autocomplete suggestions

Episerver Find provides two sources of autocomplete suggestions.

• Manually entered, on the Episerver Find Optimization screen's Autocomplete tab.



 Automatically generated, based on previous searches that resulted in at least one hit.

Manually-added suggestions take precedence over system-generated ones. For example, if a search for polic results in one user clicking a search result that uses police, Episerver Find makes police an autocomplete suggestion for polic. But, if you manually add policy as a suggestion, that term appears above police in the suggestion list.

Usage recommendations

• Base autocomplete suggestions on search keywords for targeted content. For example, if your website sells bicycles, add the following suggestions to appear when a site visitor types ro.



• For a new website, manually add autocomplete suggestions for important words. Even if no previous searches for them were made, the suggestions direct site visitors to appropriate pages.

Adding, editing and deleting autocomplete phrases

You can define autocomplete suggestions for a specific language and a specific website. To create a suggestion, follow these steps.

- 1. From edit view, select **Find > Manage > Optimization > Autocomplete**.
- 2. In the **Phrase** field, enter autocomplete suggestions (one at a time).

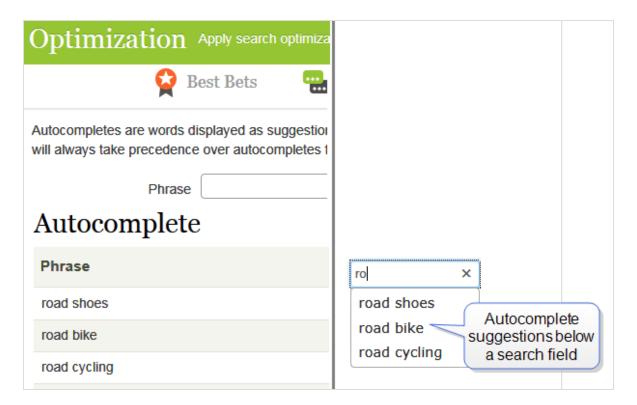
Note: The Autocomplete screen displays only suggestions that were manually added on this screen—it does not display suggestions based on previous, successful searches.

Use context menu options to edit or delete an autocomplete suggestion.

After you enter autocomplete suggestions, your developer must update website pages that host search controls to implement Autocomplete.

Changing the order of autocomplete phrases

The order of suggestions in the Autocomplete list determines their sequence in a search field's suggestion list.



To change the order of suggestions, follow these steps:

- 1. Select the suggestion you want to move.
- 2. Drag it to the new position.
- 3. When you see a blue line below the new position, release the mouse button.





Optimizing multiple sites and languages

Because search optimization is often language-specific, Episerver Find supports multiple languages and websites.

Filtering on websites and languages

At the top of the most Episerver Find screens, use drop-down lists to choose a website and a language analyzer to filter the screen information before performing actions, such as viewing statistics and fine tuning search optimization.



Episerver Find indexes

Episerver Find needs only one main index. Multiple websites often share a single index. If you add a website, Episerver Find adds new content to the existing index.

In addition to the main index, your Episerver Find administrator can set up any number of language-specific indexes to increase search precision by employing strategies like word stemming. When content in a language with its own index is saved, Episerver Find uses an analyzer to interpret and index the content. For example, the English analyzer uses word stemming to identify fish as the root word for fishing and fisher. So, if a user submits a search query that includes fish, fishing, or fisher, the search returns content with any word variation.

In contrast, if a search term matches content in the main index only, it must exactly match an indexed term to return search results; word variations are ignored.

Note: The number of supported language analyzers in Episerver Find is determined when your organization orders an index and multilanguage index support from Episerver. Your site administrator enables the analyzers during site setup.

How content from different languages appears in search results

If site visitors search a multi-language website, each language version of content appears separately in search results.

Language analyzers versus CMS content language

Your site administrator can enable one group of languages in Episerver CMS, and a different group of language analyzers in Episerver Find. This may confuse users because, while the language selector on Episerver Find screens might look like you are choosing content language, in reality, you are selecting an Episerver Find analyzer.

The language analyzer is used when working with search optimization. Your site content can exist in several languages - they do not all need a language analyzer. However, a search that uses an analyzer is smarter.

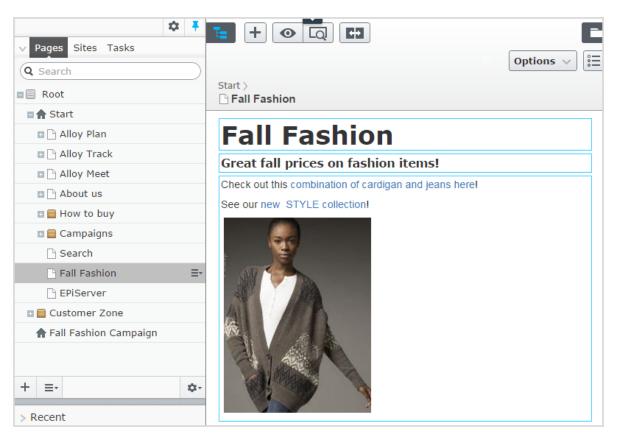
Episerver Find language analyzers are installed by a developer during implementation at a cost. Additional content languages can be added by a CMS administrator at any time and have no cost.

Examples of multiple websites and languages

The following examples illustrate search optimization with multiple websites and languages.

Enabling languages and optimizing search

You create a Fall Fashion page in the master language, in English (see image). Now, you want to enable Danish and Swedish on the website, and translate the page into those languages. You also want to apply search optimization techniques to promote the translated content. It is assumed that you enabled Swedish and Danish in the website's index.



- Translate the page into Swedish and Danish.
- Because you enabled Swedish and Danish in the index, the Fall Fashion page appears in results when searching for tröjor and trøjer, the Swedish and Danish words for cardigans, even though the page contains the singular form cardigan (tröja and trøje).
- Create a best bet for the Fall Fashion page to promote it when someone searches for cardigans or jeans. You do not have to create best bets for the Swedish and Danish versions — Episerver Find automatically displays the translated versions. If a best bet's content is not translated, Episerver Find displays the master language version as a fallback language.
- Add jeans as a one-way synonym for trousers in English. If a site visitor searches for trousers, the Fall Fashion page appears at the top of search results.

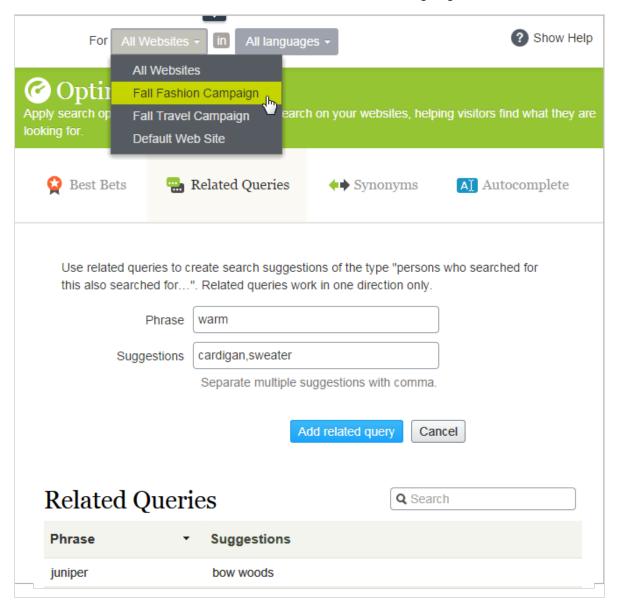
Note: Because it is a one-way synonym, a search for jeans does not return pages containing trousers.

• Create the corresponding language-specific synonym pair for jeans in Swedish (byxor) and Danish (bukser).

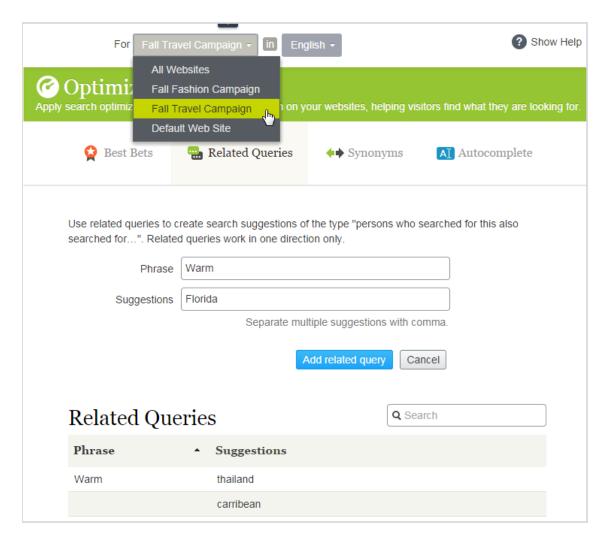
• Assume that the new style brand is replacing the old XX brand in the new collection. Add style as a synonym for XX, applying to all languages. Visitors searching for the XX brand also see results for the style brand, regardless of language.

Adding websites and optimizing search

This example continues the previous one by creating two new campaign websites with targeted content: one for fashion and one for traveling, in addition to the default website. All three websites share an index and have the same languages enabled.



- Enable the desired languages in each new website, so editors can create and translate content in the sites.
- Because the campaign websites are new and have their own URL, the statistics views are empty until visitors generate traffic and queries.
- All websites share an index, so best bets, related queries, or autocomplete suggestions are already defined the campaign websites.
- Similarly, any language-specific search optimization for all websites also applies to the campaign websites.
- By definition, synonyms apply to all websites. Synonyms can be language-specific, as explained the style brand example above.
- Because the campaign websites have different content (fashion and traveling), you can add website-specific related queries. For example, on the travel website, searching for warm (English) might suggest tropical destinations, like Jamaica. Searching for warm on the fashion website might suggest cardigans or sweaters.



 Add website-specific autocompletion of search phrases. For example, if a visitor enters car on the fashion website, an autocomplete suggestion might be cardigans. On the travel website, the suggestion might be carrental.



Configuring Episerver Find

Note: This topic is intended for administrators and developers with administration access rights in Episerver.

In admin view, a system administrator or developer can configure these search-specific tasks:

- Boosting results through properties
- Clearing the index and reindexing
- Adding connectors
- Exploring the index
- Access rights

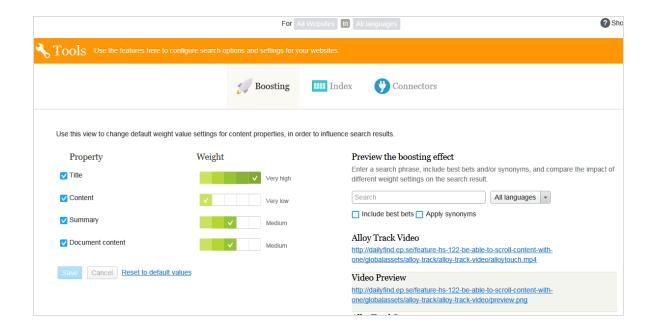


Boosting results through properties

Note: This topic is intended for administrators and developers with administration access rights in Episerver.

Episerver Find has default properties, such as Title, Summary, and Content, that are automatically mapped to corresponding content properties. Each property has a weight setting that affects search result rankings. You can adjust the weight settings, which is called boosting.

Boost weight settings if your site has specific and well-defined content types. For example, if your site hosts scientific articles whose summaries are generally well-written and of great importance, increase the Summary weight so it has a greater impact on search rank.



Changing weight settings

- 1. From edit view, select Find > Configure > Boosting. Default properties appear on the left of the screen.
 - Title. Content title. For CMS content, it is typically the Name if not specified by the developer. For crawled content, it is the <title>-tag. For custom types, title is by default the SearchTitle property, if not specified by the developer.
 - Content. Web page content.
 - **Summary.** The introduction, summary, abstract, or similar property type.
 - Document content. The content of an asset, such as a PDF or Word document.
- 2. In the Weight column, click a box to change a property's weight.
- 3. Click Save.

Notes about changing weight settings

- To test the impact of property weight changes, click **Preview the boosting effect** from the right side of the Boosting screen.
- To revert the changes, click **Reset to default values** from the Boosting screen, under the list of properties.
- These settings affect search results for all content types and all languages on all websites in your implementation.

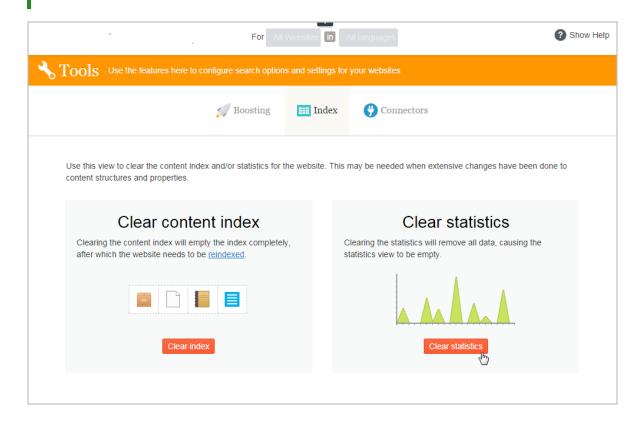


Clearing the index and reindexing

Note: This topic is intended for administrators and developers with administration access rights in Episerver.

You can clear (that is, remove) the Episerver Find index and statistics. You typically do so during website development, after making extensive changes to content properties, or when reorganizing or removing content. You might also clear statistics after testing new functionality.

Tip: After you clear the index, re-index the website.



Clearing the index

When clearing the index, you remove all content from it, and have an option to clear statistics also.

Warning: Index clearing operations are permanent. You cannot reverse them.

- 1. From edit view, select **Find > Configure > Index**.
- 2. Click Clear index.
- 3. Re-index the website. See Re-indexing the website.

Re-indexing the website

- 1. Log into CMS admin view.
- 2. Go to Scheduled Jobs.
- 3. Select the **Episerver Find Content Indexing** job.

You can start the job manually or on a schedule. See also: Scheduled jobs in the CMS Administrator User Guide.

Re-index your site under any of the following conditions:

- After you clear the index, because it is empty.
- If automatic indexing failed, or content must be reindexed for another reason.
- You changed content access rights, because automatic indexing does not detect those changes.

Removing statistics

- 1. From edit view, select Find > Configure > Index.
- 2. Click Clear statistics.

If you clear statistics, statistics view is empty until new statistics are collected.

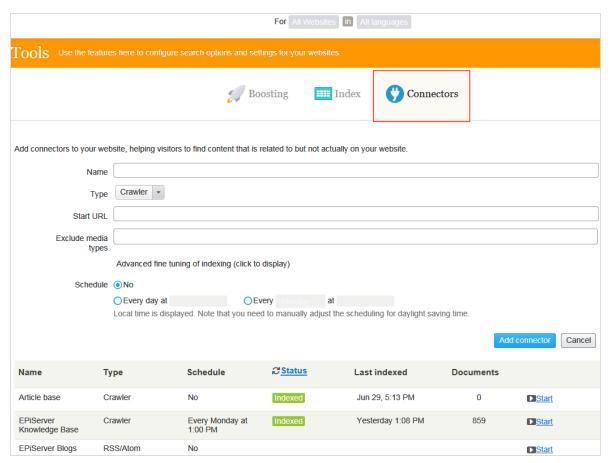


Adding connectors

Note: This topic is intended for administrators and developers with administration access rights in Episerver.

A search connector lets Episerver Find search content outside your website, such as an external blog related to your website. The connector lets your site visitors find the blog posts among your site's search results.

While Episerver Find pushes internal content to the search engine instantly, a connector crawls external websites on a specified schedule.



Configuring connectors

To access the Connectors screen, from the top menu, select Find > Configure > Connectors. To view on-screen help, click Show Help in the top right corner. The following points supplement the on-screen help.

- By default, two connector types are available: Crawler and RSS/Atom. The connector type determines which configuration options appear below the **Type** dropdown list.
- If you choose Crawler type, you can fine-tune indexing by excluding media types such as style sheets, JavaScript, and XML files. See also: Media Types. Episerver Find excludes the following media types from indexing by default.
 - text/css
 - text/ecmascript
 - text/javascript
 - application/ecmascript
 - application/javascript
 - application/x-javascript
 - application/x-pointplus

Click **Advanced fine tuning of indexing** to further limit indexing.

- Exclude query strings that are part of a link. For example, exclude crawling campaign tracking parameters (such as utm source, used by Google Campaigns) to avoid unintentionally updating a campaign counter.
- Specify parts of a website to crawl but not index, or to not crawl at all. You may want to crawl but not index index search links to other pages, but not the content on those pages.
- Specifying an indexing interval.
 - Although you set a schedule in local time, it is converted to coordinated universal time (UTC) so it occurs at the same time regardless of server location. However, you must manually adjust local time when needed, such as for daylight savings time.

Viewing connectors and indexing jobs

The connectors list (at the bottom of the screen) shows status and scheduling information for all indexing jobs.

- You can manually refresh a connector's indexing status. If completed, last completion time appears.
- You can edit or delete any connector from its context menu. For example, you can update its schedule.
- You can manually start and stop indexing jobs.



Updating a crawler's start URL

If you edit a connector's start URL, the crawl removes from the index all items that were previously indexed under the old URL.



Exploring the index

Note: This topic is intended for administrators and developers with administration access rights in Episerver.

Most Episerver Find features are built on the search index, which stores and provides quick access to data collected by the search engine. Without an index, the search would be much slower because each query would have to search through all site data.

Episerver Find pushes content to the search index as it is published, so updates occur in near real time. Depending on how the index is set up, it can contain information about all types of content, including various file types and community comments.

To view your search index, from edit view, select **Find > Overview**.

Reviewing the index overview screen

The index overview summarizes your search index at the current time. If your environment hosts multiple websites, the index is shared among them, and you can explore each site's index.

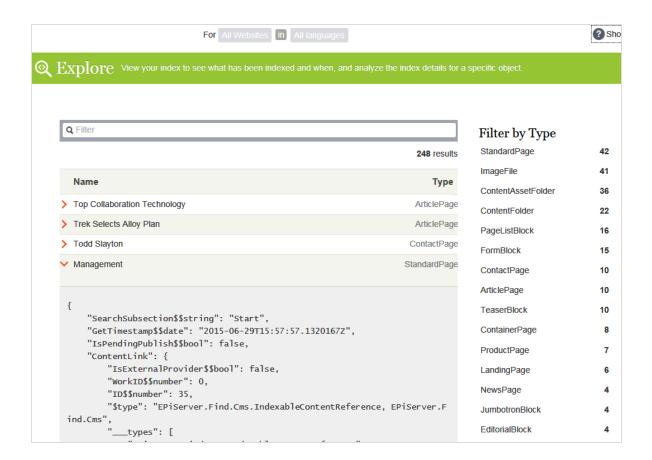
- The Index section displays the index name and .NET API version number.
- The **Document Types** section displays the total number of indexed objects, and the number of objects of each type. While most objects are page types, Episerver Find also indexes other website objects.
- The CMS Content section summarizes each site's indexed content. The screen displays the total number of indexed objects for the entire structure and for each site. You can also see the distribution per page type and languages for each site.

Note: A language version of a page is treated as a separate object in the index.

Reviewing the Explore screen

The Explore screen displays index details, such as when a page was last indexed. Episerver Find lists the total indexed content, and you can filter by content type. You can also search for indexed content using query syntax.

Click an item to see its details. For example, you can view when an object was indexed, its IDs, and the indexed content, which is useful when you set up and fine tune the index.





Access rights

Note: This topic is intended for administrators and developers with administration access rights in Episerver.

Episerver Find's access rights feature lets site administrators control which users can access components of the Episerver platform.

To access Episerver Find features, a user must be a member of one of these groups:

- Administrators, WebAdmins, and SearchAdmins can access the Episerver edit view, Episerver Find search features, and access to the Clear Indexes screen.
- SearchEditors can access the Episerver edit view and the Episerver Find search features. They cannot access the Clear Indexes screen.

Because most users are not members of Administrators or WebAdmins, they must have membership in both SearchAdmins and SearchEditors to access Episerver Find features in admin view.

Note: The membership and role providers available for your website need to be configured to use the built-in groups and roles in Episerver. This is typically done during site setup.

See Managing permissions for information about managing access rights for other parts of the Episerver platform.

Every site visitor is different, and looking for different things on your website. Moreover, user behavior changes from one day to the next.

Personalized Find customizes a site visitor's search results and landing pages by considering the visitor's activity and your business rules. When you use Personalized Find with Episerver Commerce, relevancy is unique to each visitor so should increase conversions on your website. For example, a teenage soccer fan looking for team apparel gets different results from a new mother looking for baby items, even though both search for "shoes".

Benefits of Personalized Find

- **Increased sales**. Optimizing the search experience has been shown to increase revenue.
- Better engagement. Improved experience encourages customers to keep shopping.
- Better conversion rates. Easier for customers to find products they are looking for.
- Better retention. Positive experiences encourage customers to return to your site.

Personalized Find: Part of a personalization strategy

Many Episerver products enable you to personalize the site visitor experience. For example, you can personalize related merchandise, and offer discounts based on a site visitor's history. This topic only covers Personalized Find. To learn about other personalization features, see Personalization.

How Personalized Find works

Personalized Find tracks the following visitor information for the current session.

- traffic source
- search query
- categories visited

- selected facets: color, size, brand
- use of ratings and reviews

Personalized Find analyzes that information along with knowledge from previous interactions (preferences, purchases) in order to boost search results and landing pages so that the most relevant items for that individual appear at the top.

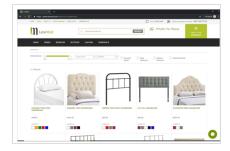
Note: Personalized Find cannot affect external search results.

Other factors affecting search results

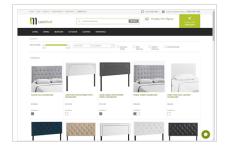
Ranking and weighting of search results can also consider a merchandiser's business rules or strategies. So, best-selling items, high conversion rates, most revenue, or most units sold can also be used to affect search results. The result is an optimal ordering of search results for every user.

Example of search results before and after personalization is applied

Default content displayed to "unknown" visitor

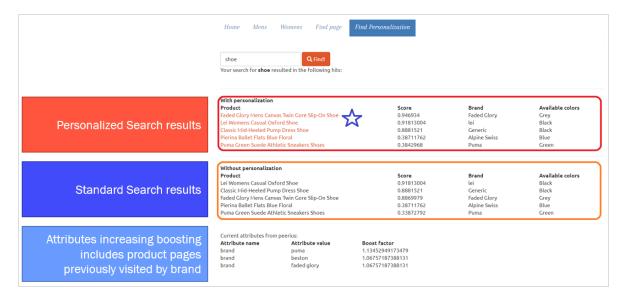


Content displayed after visitor clicked "bed headboards"



Another Personalized Find Example

Notice how the boosting attributes moved the Faded Glory shoes to the top of the search results.



Enabling Personalized Find

To add Personalized Find, a developer needs to install and configure the personalization service on your website. The developer must also customize search queries so that the factors described above can boost results. For more information, see Personalized Find.

Customized search block

Note: You have access to the customized search block functionality if an administrator enabled the feature.

A customized search block displays content from your website based on your search criteria. For example, you want to display content found using the search term alloy plan.

You can modify a block's appearance by including a heading, descriptions, and setting the number of results. When you place a customized search block on a page, the results of your criteria appear, as shown in the following image.

earn about Alloy Plan'

Alloy Plan, online project management Project management has never been easier! Project management has never been easier! Use Alloy Meet with Alloy Plan to get the whole team involved in the

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Trek Selects Alloy Plan

Alloy Plan Project Management Reduces Lead Time by 20% Unique project management service online reduces ead time by 20%. Unique project management service online reduces lead time by 20%.

To create a customized search block, use the following steps after the block is created. You can edit it from the On-page editing view (basic settings only) or the All Properties editing view (all settings).

- 1. Create a block, as explained in Blocks, using the Customized Search block type.
- 2. Under Required Properties, enter the Search phrase. You must enter at least one character. This phrase reappears on the block's properties screen, from where it can be edited.
- 3. Click Create. The display options screen appears.
- 4. Access the All Properties editing view.
- 5. Under the Content tab, enter search criteria. Only Search phrase is required. Use the remaining fields to filter the search and control the display of results. The block displays content that satisfies all criteria.

• Search heading. If you want a heading to appear above search results, enter its text.

• Basic Search settings

- Search phrase. Enter text for which you want to search content. You must enter at least one character.
- Match all words. Select to require the search to include all text; clear to search for any word in the search phrase.
- Number of hits. Enter the number (1-1000) of search results that appear in the block.
- Include description. Select to display the description of each search result.

Advanced search settings

- Search root. By default, all content is searched. To filter the search, select a content root; only content within and under the root is searched. For example, you want to search only content in the /campaigns folder, or its child
- Content types. By default, all content types are searched. To filter the search, select content types to include. For example, you want to only search pages whose type is Landing Page.
- Include Best Bets. Use synonyms. If desired, use the Best Bets and Synonyms features to enhance the search results. See Promoting content using best bets and Adding synonyms for similar phrases.

Example: Real Madrid press releases

Your website provides news about the Union of European Football Associations (UEFA). You want to display the five most recent press releases about Real Madrid. So, you

- 1. Create a customized search block.
- 2. Use Real Madrid as the Search phrase.
- Assume your site has a page tree node News, whose content uses two page types: News for ordinary news, and Press releases.
 - a. Use the **Search root** field to select the **News** page tree node.
 - b. Use the **Content types** field to select the **Press release** page type.
- 4. Set Number of hits to 5.
- 5. Place the block in appropriate location(s) on your site.

Additional resources

- Customized search block styling guide (for developers)
- Customized Search Block in Episerver Find (for developers)

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Episerver Digital Experience Cloud

The Episerver Digital Experience Cloud™ unifies digital content, commerce and marketing in one platform, including omnichannel solutions for intelligent campaigns. The platform uses artificial intelligence and behavioral analytics to deliver personalized experiences everywhere. With our secure, reliable platform you can quickly increase engagement, revenue and productivity, while getting the fastest time to value.

About Episerver

At Episerver, we believe digital transformation is a journey. We have been guiding customers for more than 20 years in providing standout digital experiences. Today our network of 880 partners, in 30 countries, supports 8,000 customers and over 30,000 websites. Founded in 1994, Episerver has offices in the US, UK, Sweden, Australia, Germany, Denmark, Finland, Norway, Poland, the Netherlands, Spain, South Africa, Singapore, Vietnam and the UAE.

For more information, visit episerver.com.

